

# Syntactic Criteria for Language-Based Noninterference

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# Goal of This Talk

Exhibit a uniform pattern behind syntactic criteria for noninterference in a programming language

High points

- both nondeterministic and probabilistic variants
- uniform representation of several literature results
- fully verified in Isabelle

Low points

- only toy language
- no flexible scheduler—only the uniform one
- no fancy thread synchronization primitives

# Setting for Noninterference

- Program runs operate on (memory) states
- Assume attacker view of the state modeled as an equivalence relation  $\sim$  on states
- Example
  - **state = var  $\rightarrow$  value**
  - **var** separated into low and high variables
  - low means attacker-observable
  - $s \sim s_1$  iff  $s$  and  $s_1$  coincide on the low variables
  - this means attacker can only see the low variables

# End-to-End Noninterference

Program runs:  $s \xrightarrow{c} s'$

Attacker sees:  $s/\sim \xrightarrow{c} s'/\sim$

Noninterference:

attacker cannot infer anything about  $s$  beyond  $s/\sim$

Nuances of noninterference:

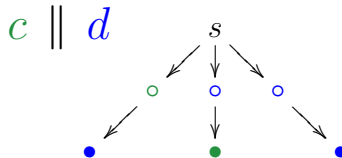
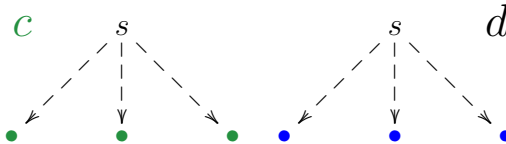
- What does it mean to see  $\xrightarrow{c}$ ?
  - only see/know the program  $c$ ?
  - also detect potential nontermination?
  - also see the number of steps (running time)?
- What does it mean to see  $s'/\sim$ ?
  - only see the actual outcome of one computation?
  - or run  $c$  multiple times and gather statistical information about  $s'/\sim$ ?

# Bisimulation Noninterference

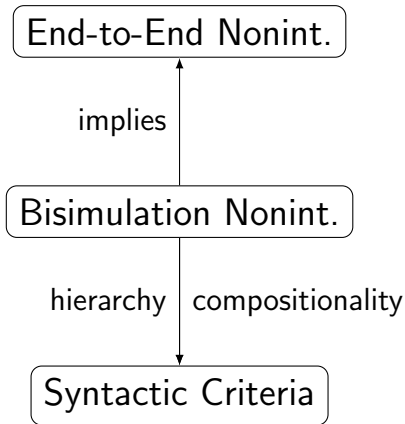
- Attacker may observe not only the final state, but also intermediate states
- Modeled as a bisimulation relation on configurations  $(c, s)$  or on programs  $c$
- Why?
  - Handle interactive programs
  - Compositional reasoning
  - Syntactic criteria (a.k.a. security type systems)
- Typically: a bisim. nonint. is a sufficient criterion for an end-to-end nonint.

# Compositional Reasoning

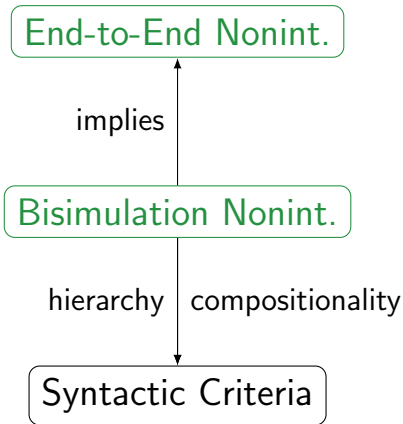
- Wish:  $c \parallel d$  nonint. if  $c$  nonint. and  $d$  nonint.
- Impossible if nonint. ignores the intermediate states



# Overview



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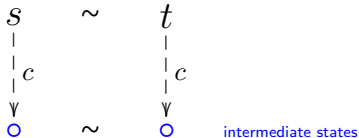






# From End-to-End to Bisimulation Noninterference

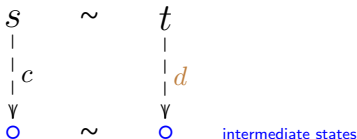
Bisimulation noninterference  $c$ :



In addition, what remains to be executed from  $(c, s)$  should be further bisimilar to what remains to be executed from  $(c, t)$

# From End-to-End to Bisimulation Noninterference

Bisimilarity between  $c$  and  $d$ :

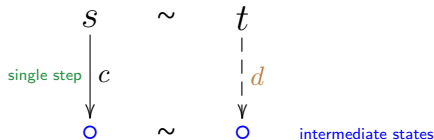


In addition, what remains to be executed from  $(c, s)$  should be further bisimilar to what remains to be executed from  $(d, t)$

**Bisimilarity** = binary generalization of bisimulation nonint.:  
“ $c$  versus  $d$ ” instead of “ $c$  versus itself”

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**Bisimilarity** = binary generalization of bisimulation nonint.:  
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Suffices to focus on single steps of  $c$

# Bisimilarity: Summary

$$c \approx d$$

iff

$\forall \exists$

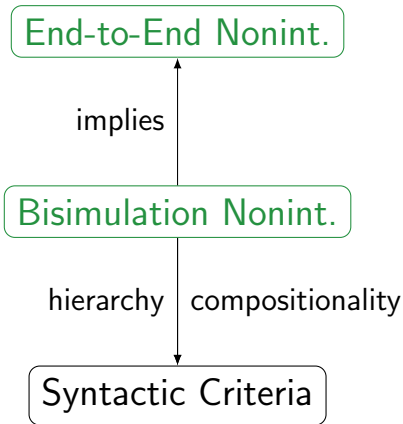
$$\begin{array}{ccc} s & \approx & t \\ \downarrow c & & \downarrow d \\ s' & \approx & t' \\ c' & \approx & d' \end{array}$$

# Variants of Bisimulation Nonint.

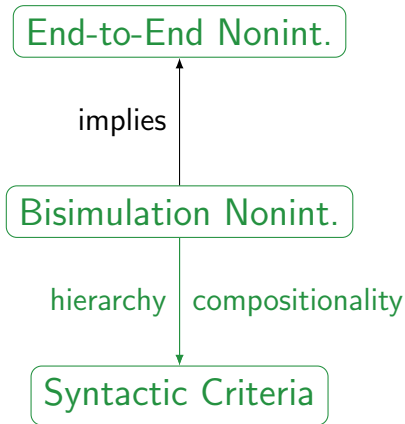
$$\begin{array}{ccc} s & \sim & t \\ \downarrow c & & \downarrow d \\ s' & \sim & t' \end{array}$$

- Discreteness **discr**: never change the indis. class of state
- Self-isomorphism **siso**: 1 versus 1, identity on commands
- Strong bisimilarity  $\approx_S$ : 1 versus 1
- 01-bisimilarity  $\approx_{01}$ : 1 versus 0 or 1
- Weak bisimilarity  $\approx_W$ : 1 versus 0 or more
- Termination-sensitive:  $s'$  final iff  $t'$  final  $\approx_{01T}$ ,  $\approx_{WT}$

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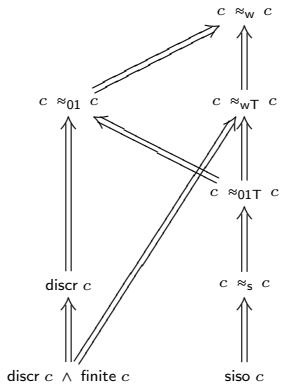


# Overview





# Hierarchy



# Language

While language augmented with parallel composition

$$c ::= atm \mid c_1 ; c_2 \mid \text{If } tst \ c_1 \ c_2 \mid \text{While } tst \ c \mid \\ c_1 \parallel c_2$$

Imperative state-based semantics

Atoms (atomic commands) interpreted as state transf.

Tests interpreted as state predicates

Interleaving semantics for  $\parallel$

# Compositionality

$c$	finite $c$	discr $c$	$\varphi c$	$\psi c$
$atm$	True	pres $atm$	compat $atm$	compat $atm$
$c_1 ; c_2$	finite $c_1$ finite $c_2$	discr $c_1$ discr $c_2$	$\varphi c_1$ $\varphi c_2$	$\frac{\psi_T c_1 \quad \psi c_2}{\psi c_1 \quad \text{discr } c_2}$
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$\varphi \in \{\text{siso}, \approx_s, \approx_{01T}, \approx_{wT}\}$      $\psi \in \{\approx_{01}, \approx_w\}$      $\psi_T$  = termination-sensitive version of  $\psi$

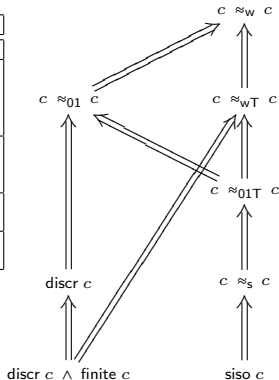
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## From Compositionality and Hierarchy to Syntactic Criteria

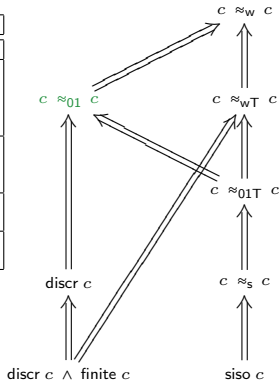
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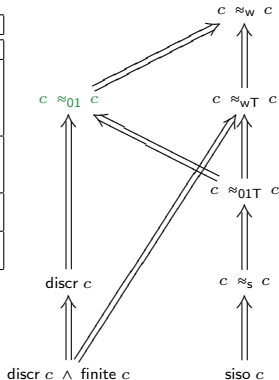
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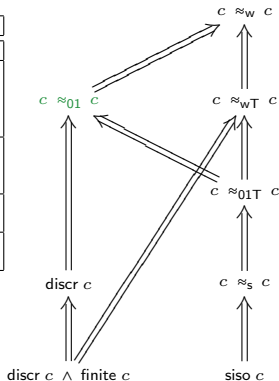
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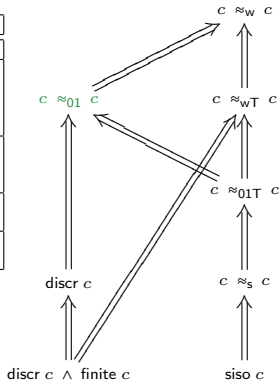


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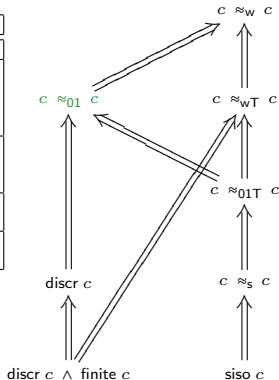
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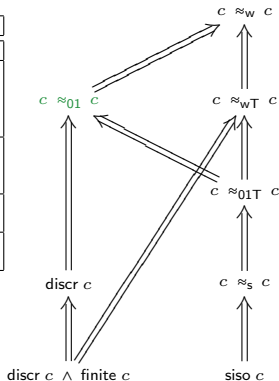
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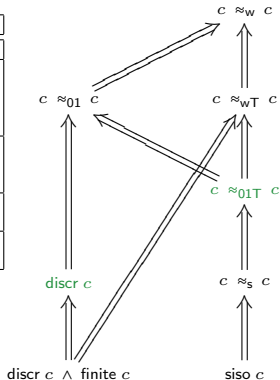


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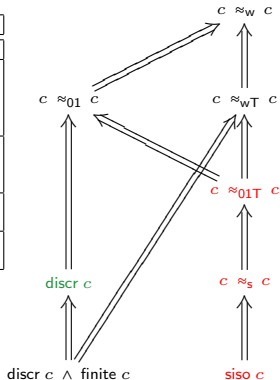
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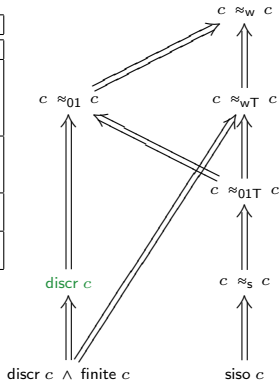
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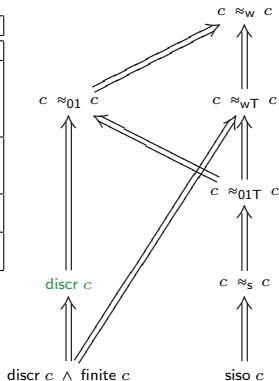
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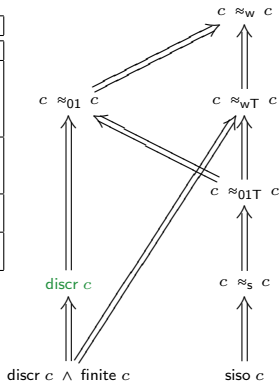
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If $tst c_1 c_2$	finite $c_1$ finite $c_2$	discr $c_1$ discr $c_2$	$compat tst$ $\varphi c_1$ $\varphi c_2$	$compat tst$ $\psi c_1$ $\psi c_2$
While $tst d$	False	discr $d$	$compat tst$ $\varphi d$	False
$c_1 \parallel c_2$	finite $c_1$ finite $c_2$	discr $c_1$ discr $c_2$	$\varphi c_1$ $\varphi c_2$	$\psi c_1$ $\psi c_2$

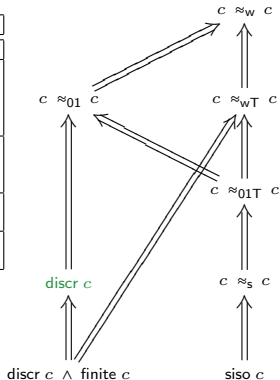


$h := 1$   $h := 2$

$h := 3$

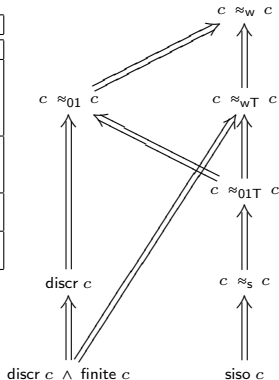
# From Compositionality and Hierarchy to Syntactic Criteria

$c$	finite $c$	discr $c$	$\varphi c$	$\psi c$
$atm$	True	<i>pres atm</i>	$compat atm$	$compat atm$
$c_1 ; c_2$	finite $c_1$ finite $c_2$	discr $c_1$ discr $c_2$	$\varphi c_1$ $\varphi c_2$	$\frac{\psi_T c_1}{\psi c_1}$ $\psi c_2$ discr $c_2$
If $tst c_1 c_2$	finite $c_1$ finite $c_2$	discr $c_1$ discr $c_2$	$compat tst$ $\varphi c_1$ $\varphi c_2$	$compat tst$ $\psi c_1$ $\psi c_2$
While $tst d$	False	discr $d$	$compat tst$ $\varphi d$	False
$c_1 \parallel c_2$	finite $c_1$ finite $c_2$	discr $c_1$ discr $c_2$	$\varphi c_1$ $\varphi c_2$	$\psi c_1$ $\psi c_2$



## From Compositionality and Hierarchy to Syntactic Criteria

$c$	finite $c$	discr $c$	$\varphi c$	$\psi c$
$atm$	True	pres $atm$	compat $atm$	compat $atm$
$c_1 ; c_2$	finite $c_1$ finite $c_2$	discr $c_1$ discr $c_2$	$\varphi c_1$ $\varphi c_2$	$\frac{\psi_T c_1}{\psi c_1}$ $\psi c_2$ discr $c_2$
If $tst c_1 c_2$	finite $c_1$ finite $c_2$	discr $c_1$ discr $c_2$	compat $tst$ $\varphi c_1$ $\varphi c_2$	compat $tst$ $\psi c_1$ $\psi c_2$
While $tst d$	False	discr $d$	compat $tst$ $\varphi d$	False
$c_1 \parallel c_2$	finite $c_1$ finite $c_2$	discr $c_1$ discr $c_2$	$\varphi c_1$ $\varphi c_2$	$\psi c_1$ $\psi c_2$

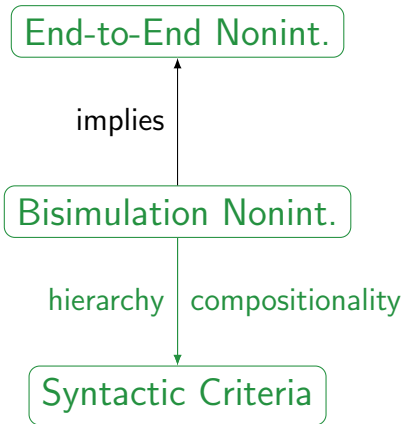


$l := 4 ; \text{ if } h = 0 \text{ then } \{ h := 1 ; h := 2 \} \text{ else } h := 3 \quad \checkmark$

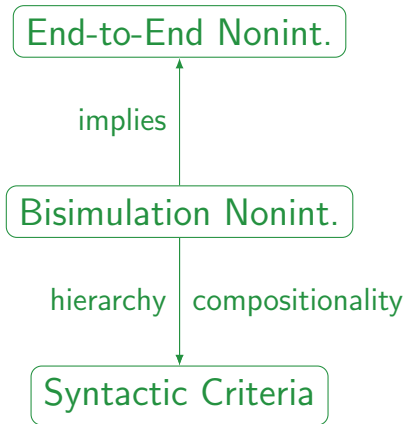
# Syntactic Criteria

- Table-and-graph method produces, for each notion of nonint.  $\approx$ , a recursive function  $\overline{\approx}$  on the syntax of programs
- These correspond to ad hoc criteria proposed in the literature, eg:
  - $\overline{\approx_{wT}}$ : Smith and Volpano, POPL 1998
  - $\overline{\approx_{01}}$ : Boudol and Castellani, TCS 2002
  - $\overline{\approx_w}$ : Boudol, ICTAC 2005
- This method is a uniform proof for the soundness of all these criteria

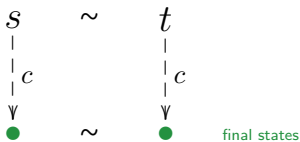
# Overview



# Overview



# From Bisimulation Noninterference Back to End-to-End Noninterference



$\overline{\approx}_s$ :  $\exists$  execution of equal length

$\overline{\approx}_{01T}$ :  $\exists$  execution of smaller or equal length

$\overline{\approx}_{wT}$ :  $\exists$  execution

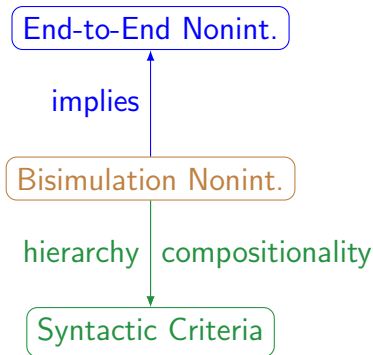
For the termination-insensitive notions:

the same results, but conditioned by overall termination

# Extension to a Probabilistic Language?

Define notions of bisimulation noninterference that

- are compositional and well-placed in “the hierarchy”
- imply reasonable end-to-end probabilistic noninterference





# Probabilistic Language

$$c ::= atm \mid c_1 ; c_2 \mid \text{Ch } ch \ c_1 \ c_2 \mid \text{While } tst \ c \mid \\ \text{Par } [c_1, \dots, c_n] \mid \text{ParT } [c_1, \dots, c_n]$$

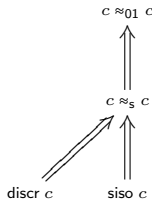
Factor in probabilistic behavior

- probabilistic choice in threads
  - Choices  $ch$  interpreted as state functions  
**state**  $\rightarrow [0, 1]$
  - if image is  $\{0, 1\}$ , obtain If tests
  - if function is constant, obtain standard choice
- uniform probabilistic scheduler
  - parallel composition now takes lists of threads

Semantics: Markov chain on **command**  $\times$  **state**

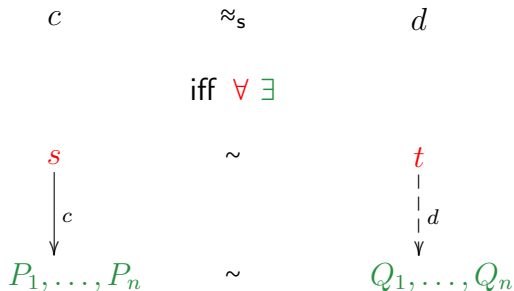
# Compositionality and Hierarchy for Probabilistic Noninterference

$c$	$\text{discr } c$	$\text{siso } c$	$c \approx_s c$	$c \approx_{01} c$
<i>atm</i>	<i>pres atm</i>	<i>compat atm</i>	<i>compat atm</i>	<i>compat atm</i>
$c_1 ; c_2$	$\text{discr } c_1$ $\text{discr } c_2$	$\text{siso } c_1$ $\text{siso } c_2$	$\frac{\text{siso } c_1}{c_2 \approx_s c_2}$ $\frac{c_1 \approx_s c_1}{\text{discr } c_2}$	$\frac{\text{siso } c_1}{c_2 \approx_{01} c_2}$ $\frac{c_1 \approx_{01} c_1}{\text{discr } c_2}$
$\text{Ch } ch \ c_1 \ c_2$	$\text{discr } c_1$ $\text{discr } c_2$	<i>compat ch</i> $\text{siso } c_1$ $\text{siso } c_2$	<i>compat ch</i> $c_1 \approx_s c_1$ $c_2 \approx_s c_2$	<i>compat ch</i> $c_1 \approx_{01} c_1$ $c_2 \approx_{01} c_2$
<i>While tst d</i>	$\text{discr } d$	<i>compat tst</i> $\text{siso } d$	False	False
$\text{Par } [c_0, \dots, c_{n-1}]$	$\text{discr } c_l$ $0 \leq l < n$	$\text{siso } c_l$ $0 \leq l < n$	$c_l \approx_s c_l$ $0 \leq l < n$	False
$\text{Par}_T [c_0, \dots, c_{n-1}]$	$\text{discr } c_l$ $0 \leq l < n$	False	False	$c_l \approx_s c_l$ $0 \leq l < n$



- *siso* and *discr*: straightforward probabilistic adaptations of the nondeterministic notions
- $\approx_s$ : strong probabilistic bisimilarity (lumpability)
- $\approx_{01}$ : relaxation allowing delays

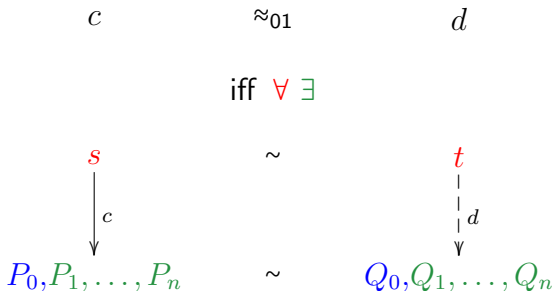
# Strong Probabilistic Bisimilarity



$$\text{prob}(c, s, P_i) = \text{prob}(d, t, Q_i)$$

$$(c', s') \in P_i \wedge (d', t') \in Q_i \rightarrow c' \approx_s d' \wedge s' \sim t'$$

# 01 Probabilistic Bisimilarity

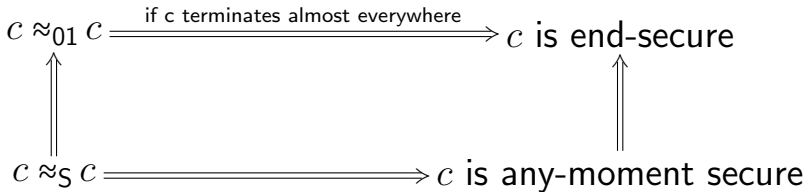


$\text{prob}(c, s, P_i) = \text{prob}(d, t, Q_i)$  relative to  $P_0$  and  $Q_0$

$(c', s') \in P_i \wedge (d', t') \in Q_i \rightarrow c' \approx_{01} d' \wedge s' \sim t'$

$(c', s') \in P_0 \rightarrow c' \approx_s c \wedge s' \sim t'$

# End-to-End Probabilistic Noninterference



Any-moment security: for any two executions starting in indistinguishable states and any given time, the probability of being at that time in any given indistinguishability class is the same

End security: for any two executions starting in indistinguishable states, the probability of ending up in any given indistinguishability class is the same

# Comparison

## Probabilistic noninterference

- Less compositional
- Termination-sensitive notions lacking
- Relationship with end-to-end noninterference nontrivial

# Conclusion

Hierarchy + Compositionality  $\implies$  Security Type Systems