

HOAS on top of FOAS

Andrei Popescu

Joint work with Elsa Gunter and Chris Osborn

University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign

Motto (and excuse)

“When you try to convey an idea, do not aim at being complete. Rather, select from that idea scattered things you like most.”

~ Jorge Luis Borges

Overview

- Motivation: why (still) study syntax with bindings?
- HOAS recalled
- HOAS on top of FOAS
- Case study: a formal proof of strong normalization for System F in Isabelle/HOL

Overview

- Motivation: why (still) study syntax with bindings?
- HOAS recalled
- HOAS on top of FOAS

Omitted from the presentation:

- Case study: a formal proof of strong normalization for System F in Isabelle/HOL

Overview

- Motivation: why (still) study syntax with bindings?
- HOAS recalled
- HOAS on top of FOAS

Terms and alpha-equivalence

- **Raw terms** of λ -calculus:

$X ::= \text{Var } x \mid \text{App } X Y \mid \text{Lam } x X$

- Let \equiv be the **alpha- (naming-) equivalence** relation on raw terms

Interpretation in semantic domains

- $APP : D \rightarrow D \rightarrow D$
- $LAM : (D \rightarrow D) \rightarrow D$
- $env = (var \rightarrow D)$
- $[[_]] _ : Term \rightarrow Env \rightarrow D$, defined recursively on the first argument, by:
 - $[[x]] \rho = \rho x$
 - $[[App X Y]] \rho = APP ([[X]] \rho) ([[Y]] \rho)$
 - $[[Lam x X]] \rho = LAM (\lambda d. X ([[\rho (x := d)]]))$

Exercise

- It is “intuitively obvious” that:

- Interpretation respects alpha:

$$\forall X X'. X \equiv X' \text{ implies } \llbracket X \rrbracket = \llbracket X' \rrbracket$$

- The following “substitution lemma” holds:

$$\llbracket X [Y / y] \rrbracket \rho = \llbracket X \rrbracket (\rho (y := (\llbracket Y \rrbracket \rho)))$$

Exercise

- It is “intuitively obvious” that:

- Interpretation respects alpha:

$$\forall X X'. X \equiv X' \text{ implies } \llbracket X \rrbracket = \llbracket X' \rrbracket$$

- The following “substitution lemma” holds:

$$\llbracket X [Y / y] \rrbracket \rho = \llbracket X \rrbracket (\rho (y := (\llbracket Y \rrbracket \rho)))$$

- Nobody wants to prove these 😊

Exercise

- It is “intuitively obvious” that:
 - Interpretation respects alpha:
$$\forall X X'. X \equiv X' \text{ implies } [[X]] = [[X']]$$
 - The following “substitution lemma” holds:
$$[[X [Y / y]]] \rho = [[X]] (\rho (y := ([[Y]] \rho)))$$
- Nobody wants to prove these
- But some have to ☹️ (those who formalize)

Exercise

Please send me solution to uomul@yahoo.com

- May use any (correct) definition of alpha-equivalence
- Or may assume alpha-equivalence (and also swapping, substitution, free variables, etc.) already defined
- May assume any basic property of these (e.g., anything in the equational theory of alpha)
- **May consult any textbook or research paper**

A. M. Pitts: Alpha-structural recursion and induction, J. ACM, 2006.

Overview

- Motivation: why (still) study syntax with bindings?
- HOAS recalled
- HOAS on top of FOAS

Higher-Order Abstract Syntax

- Represent **object systems** (e.g., logics, operational semantics of PL, etc.) in a fixed **logical framework**
- Object-level binding and inference mechanisms are captured by corresponding ones in the logical framework

Higher-Order Abstract Syntax

- Represent **object system** (e.g., logic, operational semantics of PL, etc.) in a fixed **logical framework**
- Object-level binding and inference mechanisms are captured by corresponding ones in the logical framework
- Why?

Higher-Order Abstract Syntax

- Represent **object system** (e.g., logic, operational semantics of PL, etc.) in a fixed **logical framework**
- Object-level binding and inference mechanisms are captured by corresponding ones in the logical framework
- **Why?**
- **Formalize/implement tedious “details” once and for all, when defining the logical framework**

HOAS and meta-reasoning

- Originally: for reasoning **in** the object systems
Edinburgh LF, Generic Isabelle
- Later: meta-theory of the object systems too
(i.e., reason **about** the object system)
TWELF, Abella, Hybrid, Delphin, ATS, Beluga
- Subtle problems and challenges arise when combining HOAS with meta-reasoning

Running example: Syntax

First-order syntax (up to α):

- Curry-style: no type annotations
- Data variables x, y, z , data terms X, Y, Z , data abstractions A, B

$X ::= \text{Var } x \mid \text{App } X Y \mid \text{Lam } A \quad A ::= x . X$

- Type variables tx, ty, tz , type terms tX, tY, tZ , type abstractions tA, tB

$tX ::= \text{Tvar } tx \mid \text{Arr } tX tY$

Running example: β -reduction for untyped λ -calculus

$\text{App (Lam (x . Y)) X} \rightsquigarrow Y [X / x]$ (Beta)

$$\frac{Y \rightsquigarrow Y'}{\text{Lam (x . Y)} \rightsquigarrow \text{Lam (x . Y')}} \text{(Xi)}$$
$$\frac{X \rightsquigarrow X'}{\text{App X Y} \rightsquigarrow \text{App X' Y}} \text{(App-Left)}$$

Running example: Curry-style simple typing

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{}{\Gamma, x : tX \vdash x : tX} \text{ (Asm)} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash Y : tY}{\Gamma, x : tX \vdash Y : tY} \text{ (Weak)} \\
 \text{-----} \quad \text{-----} \\
 \text{[x fresh } \Gamma] \quad \text{[x fresh } \Gamma]
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : tX \vdash Y : tY}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Lam } (x . Y) : \text{Arr } tX \ tY} \text{ (Arr-I)} \\
 \text{-----} \quad \text{[x fresh } \Gamma]$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash Z : \text{Arr } tX \ tY \quad \Gamma \vdash X : tX}{\Gamma \vdash \text{App } Z \ X : tY} \text{ (Arr-E)} \\
 \text{-----}$$

HOAS representation

- In pure intuitionistic HOL (similarly, in LF)
- Declare
 - An HOL type: tm
 - Constants $app : tm \rightarrow tm \rightarrow tm$
 - $lam : (tm \rightarrow tm) \rightarrow tm$
 - $beta : tm \rightarrow tm \rightarrow bool$
- State axioms, e.g.:
 $beta (app (lam (\lambda x : tm. Y x)) X) (Y X)$

HOAS idea rephrased

For an “observer” from inside the logical framework:

- Object bindings are taken ad literam!
- E.g., the term `Lam x . (Var x)` is not “syntax”, but is actually the function $\lambda X. X$

HOAS idea rephrased

For an “observer” from inside the logical framework:

- **Object bindings are taken ad literam!**
- E.g., the term `Lam x . (Var x)` is not “syntax”, but is actually the function $\lambda X. X$
- Well, almost: it is really `lam ($\lambda X. X$)`
(recall `lam : (tm \rightarrow tm) \rightarrow tm`)

Overview

- Motivation: why (still) study syntax with bindings?
- HOAS recalled
- HOAS on top of FOAS

HOAS on top of FOAS

- Stronger (meta-)logical-framework: strong enough to develop general mathematics (e.g., the logic of Isabelle/HOL)
- Terms are still “syntax” (defined in the standard way)
- HOAS comes not as a “representation”, but as a **higher-order view of the same syntax**
- Thus, e.g., `Lam x x` is both “itself” (as a finite piece of syntax) and `lam (λX. X)`

HOAS view of syntax: Abstractions as functions

- FOAS definition/construction: $A = (x . X)$
- HOAS treatment: $A _ Y = \text{“A applied Y”}$, defined to be $X [Y / \bar{x}]$
- May regard abstractions as forming a subspace of $\mathbf{tm} \rightarrow \mathbf{tm}$
- This view accommodates:
 - HOAS structural recursion principles (omitted from this presentation)
 - a certain way to represent inference relations

HOAS representation of β -reduction

$\text{App} (\text{Lam } (x . Y)) X \rightsquigarrow Y [X / x]$ (Beta-FOAS)

$\text{App} (\text{Lam } A) X \rightsquigarrow A _ X$ (Beta-HOAS)

$Y \rightsquigarrow Y'$

----- (Xi-FOAS)

$\text{Lam } (x . Y) \rightsquigarrow \text{Lam } (x . Y')$

$\forall X. A _ X \rightsquigarrow A' _ X$

----- (Xi-HOAS)

$\text{Lam } A \rightsquigarrow \text{Lam } A'$

HOAS representation of typing

$\forall \Gamma$ - (typing) context, i.e., list of pairs
(data variable, type term):

$$x_1 : tX_1, \dots, x_n : tX_n$$

$\forall \Delta$ - HOAS context, i.e., list of pairs
(data term, type term):

$$X_1 : tX_1, \dots, X_n : tX_n$$

- Note: we close under substitution

HOAS representation of typing

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : tX \vdash Y : tZ}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Lam } (x . Y) : \text{Arr } tX \ tZ} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{[x fresh for } \Gamma\text{]} \\ \text{(Arr-I-FOAS)} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\forall X. \Delta, X : tX \Vdash A _ X : tZ}{\Delta \Vdash \text{Lam } A : \text{Arr } tX \ tZ} \quad \text{(Arr-I-HOAS)}$$

How HOAS is this?

- No more freshness side conditions ✓
- Object-level bindings pushed to the meta level ✓
- Meta-reasoning capabilities kept intact ✓
- Also push inference contexts to the meta level?

Parenthesis: pure HOAS representation

- In intuitionistic HOL:
- Declare $\text{tpOf} : \text{tm} \rightarrow \text{tp} \rightarrow \text{bool}$
- State axioms, such as:

$$\forall X. \text{tpOf } X \text{ tX} \Rightarrow \text{tpOf } (A \ X) \text{ tY}$$

$$\text{tpOf } (\text{Lam } A) (\text{Arr } \text{tX } \text{tY})$$

to capture

$$\Gamma, x : \text{tX} \vdash Y : \text{tZ}$$

$$\Gamma \vdash \text{Lam } (x . Y) : \text{Arr } \text{tX } \text{tZ} \quad \begin{array}{l} [x \text{ fresh } \Gamma] \\ (\text{Arr-I}) \end{array}$$

“Context-free” induction principle for typing

If $H : \text{tm} \rightarrow \text{tp} \rightarrow \text{bool}$ s.t.:

$$\forall X. H X tX \Rightarrow H (A _ X) tZ$$

-----(ArrI-H)

$$H (\text{Lam } A) (\text{Arr } tX tZ)$$

etc., then $\forall X tX. [] \Vdash X : tX \Rightarrow H X tX$

(Higher degree of HOAS – not only bindings and substitution, but also **inference contexts** are **pushed to the meta-level**)

Conclusions

- Worth still studying syntax with bindings
- HOAS:
 - Exterior view: capture object-level bindings by bindings in the logical framework
 - Inner view: syntactic bindings become true semantic bindings
- HOAS technique available atop of FOAS

HOAS on top of FOAS

- FOAS operators still available if needed
- Purely definitional development of HOAS
- General-purpose logical framework (standard mathematics)
- Adequacy statable and provable in the logical framework itself

Credits and very related work

- HOAS on top of FOAS ideas previously employed in the [Hybrid](#) logical framework
(work by A. Momigliano, A. Felty, S. Ambler, R. L. Crole, and others)
- A quasi-HOAS proof of strong normalization for System F previously given in the [ATS](#) logical framework
(work by C. Chen, H. Xi, K. Donnelly and others)

Thank you